Section 1. Registration Information

Source Identification

Facility Name: Valley Generating Station

Parent Company #1 Name: City of Los Angeles Department of Water and Power

Parent Company #2 Name:

Submission and Acceptance

Submission Type: Re-submission

Subsequent RMP Submission Reason: 5-year update (40 CFR 68.190(b)(1))

Description:

Receipt Date: 15-Oct-2009
Postmark Date: 15-Oct-2009
Next Due Date: 15-Oct-2014
Completeness Check Date: 15-Oct-2009

Complete RMP: Yes

De-Registration / Closed Reason:

De-Registration / Closed Reason Other Text:

De-Registered / Closed Date:

De-Registered / Closed Effective Date:

Certification Received: Yes

Facility Identification

EPA Facility Identifier: 1000 0017 5954
Other EPA Systems Facility ID: CAD000081513
Facility Registry System ID: 1100 1244 4417

Dun and Bradstreet Numbers (DUNS)

Facility DUNS:

Parent Company #1 DUNS: 21178491

Parent Company #2 DUNS:

Facility Location Address

Street 1: 11801 Sheldon Street

Street 2:

City: Sun Valley
State: CALIFORNIA
ZIP: 91352

ZIP4:

County: LOS ANGELES

Facility Latitude and Longitude

Latitude (decimal): 34.246760 Longitude (decimal): -118.38953

Lat/Long Method: Interpolation - Digital map source (TIGER)

Lat/Long Description: Storage Tank

Horizontal Accuracy Measure: 2

Horizontal Reference Datum Name: North American Datum of 1983

Source Map Scale Number:

Owner or Operator

Operator Name: Department of Water and Power

Operator Phone: (213) 367-4697

Mailing Address

Operator Street 1: 111 North Hope Street, Room 1050

Operator Street 2:

Operator City: Los Angeles
Operator State: CALIFORNIA
Operator ZIP: 90012

Operator ZIP4:

Operator Foreign State or Province:

Operator Foreign ZIP: Operator Foreign Country:

Name and title of person or position responsible for Part 68 (RMP) Implementation

RMP Name of Person: Gary P. Laney

RMP Title of Person or Position: Electrical Service Manager RMP E-mail Address: gary.laney@ladwp.com

Emergency Contact

Emergency Contact Name: Gary P. Laney

Emergency Contact Title: Electrical Service Manager

Emergency Contact Phone: (818) 771-4500 Emergency Contact 24-Hour Phone: (818) 771-4560

Emergency Contact Ext. or PIN:

Emergency Contact E-mail Address: gary.laney@ladwp.com

Other Points of Contact

Facility or Parent Company E-mail Address:

Facility Public Contact Phone: (213) 367-1361
Facility or Parent Company WWW Homepage www.ladwp.com

Address:

Local Emergency Planning Committee

LEPC: California Region 1 LEPC

Full Time Equivalent Employees

Number of Full Time Employees (FTE) on Site: 71

FTE Claimed as CBI:

Covered By

OSHA PSM:

EPCRA 302 : Yes CAA Title V: Yes

Facility Name: Valley Generating Station

EPA Facility Identifier: 1000 0017 5954

800193

Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

OSHA Ranking

OSHA Star or Merit Ranking:

Air Operating Permit ID:

Last Safety Inspection

Last Safety Inspection (By an External Agency)

Date:

Last Safety Inspection Performed By an External

Agency:

07-Feb-2003

Fire Department

Predictive Filing

Did this RMP involve predictive filing?:

Yes

Preparer Information

Preparer Name:

Preparer Phone:

Preparer Street 1:

Preparer Street 2:

Preparer City:

Preparer State:

Preparer ZIP:

Preparer ZIP4:

Preparer Foreign State:

Preparer Foreign Country:

Preparer Foreign ZIP:

Confidential Business Information (CBI)

CBI Claimed:

Substantiation Provided:

Unsanitized RMP Provided:

Reportable Accidents

Reportable Accidents:

See Section 6. Accident History below to determine if there were any accidents reported for this RMP.

Process Chemicals

Process ID: 1000013517

Description: Aqueous Ammonia Storage 2

Process Chemical ID: 1000015519

Program Level: Program Level 2 process

Chemical Name: Ammonia (conc 20% or greater)

CAS Number: 7664-41-7

Quantity (lbs): 98319

CBI Claimed:

Flammable/Toxic: Toxic

Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

Process ID: 1000013516

Description: Aqueous Ammonia Storage 1

Process Chemical ID: 1000015518

Program Level: Program Level 2 process

Chemical Name: Ammonia (conc 20% or greater)

CAS Number: 7664-41-7

Quantity (lbs): 169516

CBI Claimed:

Flammable/Toxic: Toxic

Process NAICS

Process ID: 1000013516
Process NAICS ID: 1000013876

Program Level: Program Level 2 process

NAICS Code: 221112

NAICS Description: Fossil Fuel Electric Power Generation

Process ID: 1000013517
Process NAICS ID: 1000013877

Program Level: Program Level 2 process

NAICS Code: 221112

NAICS Description: Fossil Fuel Electric Power Generation

Section 2. Toxics: Worst Case

Toxic Worst ID: 1000011231

Percent Weight: 29.0
Physical State: Liquid

Model Used: EPA's OCA Guidance Reference Tables or

Equations

Release Duration (mins): 654
Wind Speed (m/sec): 1.5
Atmospheric Stability Class: F
Topography: Urban

Passive Mitigation Considered

Dikes: Yes

Enclosures: Berms: Drains:

Sumps: Yes

Other Type:

Toxic Worst ID: 1000011232

Percent Weight: 29.0
Physical State: Liquid

Model Used: EPA's OCA Guidance Reference Tables or

Equations

Release Duration (mins): 459
Wind Speed (m/sec): 1.5
Atmospheric Stability Class: F
Topography: Urban

Passive Mitigation Considered

Dikes: Yes

Enclosures: Berms: Drains:

Sumps: Yes

Other Type:

Section 3. Toxics: Alternative Release

Toxic Alter ID: 1000012258

Percent Weight: 29.0
Physical State: Liquid

Model Used: EPA's OCA Guidance Reference Tables or

Equations

Wind Speed (m/sec): 1.5
Atmospheric Stability Class: D
Topography: Urban

Passive Mitigation Considered

Dikes: Yes

Enclosures:
Berms:
Drains:

Sumps: Yes

Other Type:

Active Mitigation Considered

Sprinkler System: Deluge System: Water Curtain: Neutralization:

Excess Flow Valve: Yes

Flares:

Scrubbers: Yes Emergency Shutdown: Yes

Other Type: ammonia sensors and alarms

Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

Section 4. Flammables: Worst Case

No records found.

Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

Section 5. Flammables: Alternative Release No records found.

Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

Section 6. Accident History

No records found.

Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

Section 7. Program Level 3

No records found.

Facility Name: Valley Generating Station

EPA Facility Identifier: 1000 0017 5954 Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

Section 8. Program Level 2

Description:

Aqueous Ammonia Storage

Program Level 2 Prevention Program Chemicals

Prevention Program Chemical ID: 1000010146

Chemical Name: Ammonia (conc 20% or greater)

Flammable/Toxic: Toxic
CAS Number: 7664-41-7

Process ID: 1000013516

Description: Aqueous Ammonia Storage 1

Prevention Program Level 2 ID: 1000009859
NAICS Code: 221112

Safety Information

Safety Review Date (The date of the most recent review or revision of the safety infomation):

13-Oct-2009

Safety Compliance Regulations or Design Codes/Standards

NFPA 58 (or state law based on NFPA 58):

OSHA (29 CFR 1910.111):

ASTM Standards: Yes
ANSI Standards: Yes
ASME Standards: Yes

None:

Other Regulation, Design Code, or Standard: UBC, UFC

Comments:

Hazard Review

Hazard Review Date (The date of completion of most recent review or update):

13-Oct-2009

Change Completion Date (The expected or actual

30-Jun-2010

date of completion of all changes resulting from the hazard review):

Major Hazards Identified

Toxic Release: Yes

Fire: Explosion:

Runaway Reaction: Polymerization: Overpressurization:

Corrosion:

Overfilling: Yes

Contamination:

Equipment Failure: Yes

Facility Name: Valley Generating Station EPA Facility Identifier: 1000 0017 5954 Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330 Loss of Cooling, Heating, Electricity, Instrument Air: Yes Earthquake: Yes Floods (Flood Plain): Tornado: Hurricanes: Other Major Hazard Identified: **Process Controls in Use** Vents: Yes Relief Valves: Yes Check Valves: Yes Scrubbers: Yes Flares: Manual Shutoffs: Yes Automatic Shutoffs: Yes Interlocks: Yes Alarms and Procedures: Yes Keyed Bypass: Emergency Air Supply: **Emergency Power:** Yes Backup Pump: Yes Grounding Equipment: Yes Inhibitor Addition: Rupture Disks: **Excess Flow Device:** Quench System: Purge System: None: Other Process Control in Use: Mitigation Systems in Use Sprinkler System: Yes Dikes: Fire Walls: Blast Walls: Deluge System: Water Curtain: Enclosure: Neutralization: None:

Other Mitigation System in Use:

Monitoring/Detection Systems in Use

Process Area Detectors:

Yes

Perimeter Monitors: None:

Other Monitoring/Detection System in Use:

Changes Since Last PHA or PHA Update

Reduction in Chemical Inventory: Increase in Chemical Inventory:

Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

Change Process Parameters:

Installation of Process Controls:

Installation of Process Detection Systems: Installation of Perimeter Monitoring Systems:

Installation of Mitigation Systems:

None Recommended:

None: Yes

Other Changes Since Last PHA or PHA Update:

Review of Operating Procedures

Operating Procedures Revision Date (The date of the most recent review or revision of operating procedures): 01-Oct-2009

Training

Training Review Date (The date of the most recent review or revision of training programs):

13-Oct-2009

The Type of Training Provided

Classroom:
On the Job:
Other Training:

Yes Yes

The Type of Competency Testing Used

Written Tests:
Oral Tests:
Demonstration:

Demonstration: Yes
Observation: Yes

Other Type of Competency Testing Used:

Maintenance

Maintenance Review Date (The date of the most recent review or revision of maintenance procedures):

13-Oct-2009

Equipment Inspection Date (The date of the most recent equipment inspection or test):

02-Oct-2009

Equipment Most Recently Inspected or Tested:

Aqueous ammonia storage tank, process instrumentation, piping, pumps and valves

Compliance Audits

Compliance Audit Date (The date of the most recent 02-Sep-2009 compliance audit):

Audit Completion Date (The expected or actual date of completion of all changes resulting from the compliance audit):

Incident Investigation

Incident Investigation Date (The date of the most recent incident investigation (if any)):

Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

Incident Investigation Changes Date (Expected or actual date of completion of all changes resulting from the investigation):

Most Recent Change Date: (The date of the most recent change that triggered a review or revision of safety information):

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Confidential Business Information

CBI Claimed:

Description:

Aqueous Ammonia Storage

Program Level 2 Prevention Program Chemicals

Prevention Program Chemical ID: 1000010147

Chemical Name: Ammonia (conc 20% or greater)

Flammable/Toxic: Toxic CAS Number: 7664-41-7

Process ID: 1000013517

Description: Aqueous Ammonia Storage 2

Prevention Program Level 2 ID: 1000009860 NAICS Code: 221112

Safety Information

Safety Review Date (The date of the most recent review or revision of the safety infomation):

13-Oct-2009

Safety Compliance Regulations or Design Codes/Standards

NFPA 58 (or state law based on NFPA 58):

OSHA (29 CFR 1910.111):

ASTM Standards: Yes
ANSI Standards: Yes
ASME Standards: Yes

None:

Other Regulation, Design Code, or Standard: UBC, UFC

Comments:

Hazard Review

Hazard Review Date (The date of completion of most recent review or update):

13-Oct-2009

Change Completion Date (The expected or actual date of completion of all changes resulting from the

hazard review):

30-Jun-2010

Major Hazards Identified

Toxic Release: Yes

Fire: Explosion:

Runaway Reaction: Polymerization: Overpressurization:

Corrosion:

Overfilling: Yes

Contamination:

Equipment Failure: Yes Loss of Cooling, Heating, Electricity, Instrument Air: Yes

Facility Name: Valley Generating Station EPA Facility Identifier: 1000 0017 5954		Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330
Earthquake:	Yes	
Floods (Flood Plain):		
Tornado:		
Hurricanes:		
Other Major Hazard Identified:		
Process Controls in Use		
Vents:	Yes	
Relief Valves:	Yes	
Check Valves:	Yes	
Scrubbers:	Yes	
Flares:		
Manual Shutoffs:	Yes	
Automatic Shutoffs:	Yes	
Interlocks:	Yes	
Alarms and Procedures:	Yes	
Keyed Bypass:		
Emergency Air Supply:		
Emergency Power:	Yes	
Backup Pump:	Yes	
Grounding Equipment:	Yes	
Inhibitor Addition:		
Rupture Disks:		
Excess Flow Device:		
Quench System:		
Purge System: None:		
Other Process Control in Use:		
Mitigation Systems in Use		
Sprinkler System:	Voc	
Dikes: Fire Walls:	Yes	
Blast Walls:		
Deluge System:		
Water Curtain:		
Enclosure:		
Neutralization:		
None:		
Other Mitigation System in Use:		
Monitoring/Detection Systems in Use		
Process Area Detectors:	Yes	
Perimeter Monitors:		
None: Other Monitoring/Detection System in Use:		
one Montoning Detection dystem in ose.		
Changes Since Last PHA or PHA Update		

Reduction in Chemical Inventory: Increase in Chemical Inventory: Change Process Parameters:

Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

Installation of Process Controls:

Installation of Process Detection Systems: Installation of Perimeter Monitoring Systems:

Installation of Mitigation Systems:

None Recommended:

None: Yes

Other Changes Since Last PHA or PHA Update:

Review of Operating Procedures

Operating Procedures Revision Date (The date of the most recent review or revision of operating procedures): 01-Oct-2009

Training

Training Review Date (The date of the most recent review or revision of training programs):

13-Oct-2009

The Type of Training Provided

Classroom: On the Job: Other Training: Yes Yes

The Type of Competency Testing Used

Written Tests: Oral Tests:

Demonstration:
Observation:

Yes Yes

Other Type of Competency Testing Used:

Maintenance

Maintenance Review Date (The date of the most recent review or revision of maintenance procedures):

13-Oct-2009

Equipment Inspection Date (The date of the most recent equipment inspection or test):

02-Oct-2009

Equipment Most Recently Inspected or Tested:

Storage tanks, process instrumentation, piping, nump, and valves

pump, and valves

Compliance Audits

Compliance Audit Date (The date of the most recent 02-Sep-2009 compliance audit):

Audit Completion Date (The expected or actual date of completion of all changes resulting from the compliance audit):

Incident Investigation

Incident Investigation Date (The date of the most recent incident investigation (if any)):

Incident Investigation Changes Date (Expected or actual date of completion of all changes resulting from the investigation):

Plan Sequence Number: 1000011330

Most Recent Change Date: (The date of the most recent change that triggered a review or revision of safety information):

Confidential Business Information

CBI Claimed:

Section 9. Emergency Response

Written Emergency Response (ER) Plan

Community Plan (Is facility included in written community emergency response plan?):

Facility Plan (Does facility have its own written emergency response plan?):

Response Actions (Does ER plan include specific actions to be taken in response to accidental releases of regulated substance(s)?):

Public Information (Does ER plan include procedures for informing the public and local agencies responding to accidental release?):

Healthcare (Does facility's ER plan include information on emergency health care?):

Emergency Response Review

Review Date (Date of most recent review or update of facility's ER plan):

Emergency Response Training

Training Date (Date of most recent review or update of facility's employees):

Local Agency

Agency Name (Name of local agency with which the Los Angeles Fire Department facility ER plan or response activities are coordinated):

Agency Phone Number (Phone number of local agency with which the facility ER plan or response activities are coordinated):

(213) 485-6276

Subject to

OSHA Regulations at 29 CFR 1910.38: Yes
OSHA Regulations at 29 CFR 1910.120: Yes
Clean Water Regulations at 40 CFR 112: Yes
RCRA Regulations at CFR 264, 265, and 279.52:

OPA 90 Regulations at 40 CFR 112, 33 CFR 154,

49 CFR 194, or 30 CFR 254:

State EPCRA Rules or Laws:

Other (Specify): California Business Plan, CCR Title 19, Sections

2729-2732

Yes

Executive Summary

Accidental Release Prevention and Emergency Response Policies

The City of Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP) accidental release prevention policy involves a unified approach that integrates technologies, procedures, and management practices. All applicable procedures of the California Accidental Release Prevention (CalARP) Program and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Prevention Program are adhered to. The LADWP emergency response policy involves the preparation of response action plans that are tailored to each facility and to the emergency response services available in the community, and is in compliance with the State and Federal Emergency Response Program requirements.

General Description of the Stationary Source and Regulated Substance

The Valley Generating Station (VGS) is a 150-acre electric power generating facility designed to generate and supply electric power to the LADWP's system. The facility has new combined cycle generating facility (CCGF) will include two combustion gas turbines (CTs), a new steam turbine generator, two heat recovery steam generators (HRSGs) and associated selective catalytic reduction (SCR) systems, cooling towers and ancillary equipment. CCGF will be fired by natural gas with the capability to fire with distillate fuel under emergency conditions. CCGF covers approximately 10 acres of land at VGS. The total Station gross capacity will be 583 MW.

The Station is manned and operated at all times, with a minimum operating crew consisting of 2 operators and a supervisor. Valley GS was constructed in approximately 1951. Valley GS has a gate that is manned with a security guard 24 hours per day.

The facility is located in Sun Valley, California. The area surrounding the facility is primarily commercial/light industrial; however, a day time emergency clinic, a hospital, and two motels are present on San Fernando Road, approximately 1,900 feet from the existing aqueous ammonia storage tank at the Peaker Plant (located northwest of the facility). A sand and gravel plant is located adjacent to the northwest of the site. There are no residences in the immediate vicinity of VGS. The nearest residential properties are located approximately one-half mile to the north of the facility.

Aqueous Ammonia Process Description:

LADWP has selective catalytic reduction (SCR) systems that reduce nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions from an existing 47-MW combustion turbines and two new combustion gas turbines (CTs). The CTs are located at the new combined cycle generating facility (CCGF). The existing SCR for the 47-MW combustion turbine utilizes aqueous ammonia stored in a steel aboveground storage tank (AST). The CCGF utilizes two additional aqueous ammonia ASTs. The storage tanks are all located within secondary containment areas equipped with a sump and pump for pumping out rainwater. The containment areas are designed to hold the contents of the largest tank as well as account for a 25-year flood scenario.

Aqueous Ammonia Handling and Storage

The Ammonia Handling and Storage system supplies ammonia solution to the NOx emission control system. Ammonia solution is used instead of anhydrous ammonia because the latter has some serious inherent safety hazards requiring significant precautions and safety equipment in handling and storing. The risks and safety related costs of anhydrous ammonia are found to outweigh the higher costs for transportation and storage of ammonia solution.

There are two aqueous ammonia storage areas, one for the CTs and one for the CCGF. The product tanks are located within secondary containment areas (concrete dike) with sumps. Two positive displacement pumps, each fully redundant, dispense ammonia solution from the ASTs to the emission control equipment. Other safety equipment associated with the tanks are: pressure/vacuum relief valves, temperature and pressure indicators, pressure and liquid level alarms, an ammonia vapor scrubber, cam-lock fill connections, vapor recovery and associated piping, strategically-located ammonia vapor detectors, and an emergency eyewash/shower station. A wind sock is also provided for visual indication of wind direction in case of emergency evacuation.

Ammonia solution is delivered by truck into the storage tanks through a 2-inch cam-lock hose connections. The truck parks within a concrete area that is provided with a collection sump to contain spills from the delivery truck. The ammonia solution unloading to the storage tank is done through a quick fill connection. A truck-mounted vapor recovery system is connected to the tank vapor

recovery system during the unloading. The storage tanks are equipped with pressure and vacuum relief valves and the tanks are maintained at ambient temperature and atmospheric pressure.

The storage tank redundant dispensing pump is placed into service when the main pump fails or is out of service for preventive maintenance. The loading operator is provided with a readily accessible water supply to wash spills quickly. All spills are collected and disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local waste disposal requirements. Flashing lights and audible alarms at the tanks and in the main control room are activated when the ammonia gas monitors detect the gas concentration above 20 parts per million in the surrounding area.

Offsite Consequence Analysis Results

The OCA is conducted in accordance with the latest RMP OCA guidance document that has been developed by the USEPA in conjunction with the National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). The OCA is performed to determine the distance traveled by the ammonia released before its concentration decreases to the "toxic endpoint" of 0.14 mg/l or 200 parts per million, which is the Emergency Planning Guidance Level 2 (ERPG-2).

Worst-case Release Scenario

The worst-case release scenario involves the failure of the largest bulk storage tank of each process. The entire volume of the solution is contained within the secondary containment system. The regulatory default meteorological parameters, including wind stability F, wind speed 1.5 m/s, and a release temperature of 113F (maximum daily temperature at the nearest monitoring station), 50% average humidity and urban surroundings, were used. The estimated toxic endpoint distance for the worst-case release scenario potentially affects some public receptors.

Alternative Release Scenario

The alternative release scenario involves the spill of the ammonia solution as a result of the rupture of a two-inch diameter, 100 feet long flexible transfer hose during the bulk transferring of the solution from a tanker truck to the storage tanks. The transfer pump is manually shut off within 15 seconds after the hose rupture. The volume of released solution spills onto the paved ground that slopes into a bermed area. The regulatory default meteorological conditions used were: wind stability D, wind speed 3.0 m/s, and a release temperature of 110F (maximum daily temperature at the nearest monitoring station), 50% average humidity, and urban surroundings. For this alternative release scenario, the distance to the toxic endpoint listed in the OCA guidance document (Reference Table 23) is less than 0.1 miles from the ammonia storage area, which does not reach any public or environmental receptors.

Summary of the General Accidental Release Prevention Program and Ammonia Accidental Release Prevention

The general LADWP accidental release prevention program is based on the following key elements:

- -High level of training of the operators in safe handling of chemicals,
- -Effective preventive maintenance program,
- -Use of state-of-the-art process and safety equipment,
- -Use of accurate and effective operating procedures, written with the participation of the operators,
- -Performance of a hazard review of equipment and procedures, and
- -Implementation of an auditing and inspection program.

Other specific steps to prevent accidental ammonia releases include:

- -Required ammonia safe handling training of tank truck drivers from suppliers as well as their equipment preventive maintenance program,
- -The availability of personal protective equipment at close proximity to the storage tanks,
- -The installation of tank liquid level alarms, pressure level alarms, pressure/vacuum relief valve, vapor recovery system, gas scrubbers, deluge system and ammonia gas detectors and alarms around the storage area, and
- -The installation of secondary containment systems and sumps.

Summary of the Five Year Accident History

No accidental releases of ammonia gas or solution that meet the reporting requirement of the EPA's RMP have occurred at this facility for the past five years.

Summary of the Emergency Action Plan

The facility has an emergency action plan, which includes an emergency action decision tree and a notification plan. Emergency action drills and drill evaluations are conducted every year; emergency operations and procedures are also reviewed at that time.

Planned Changes to Improve Safety

Many operations/maintenance and administrative changes to improve safety (recommended actions) were identified as a result of the Hazard Operability (HAZOP) study session with the facility management, operations and maintenance, and plant engineering conducted in October 2009 for the aqueous ammonia processes. These recommended actions have now been either completed or evaluated for implementation as required.